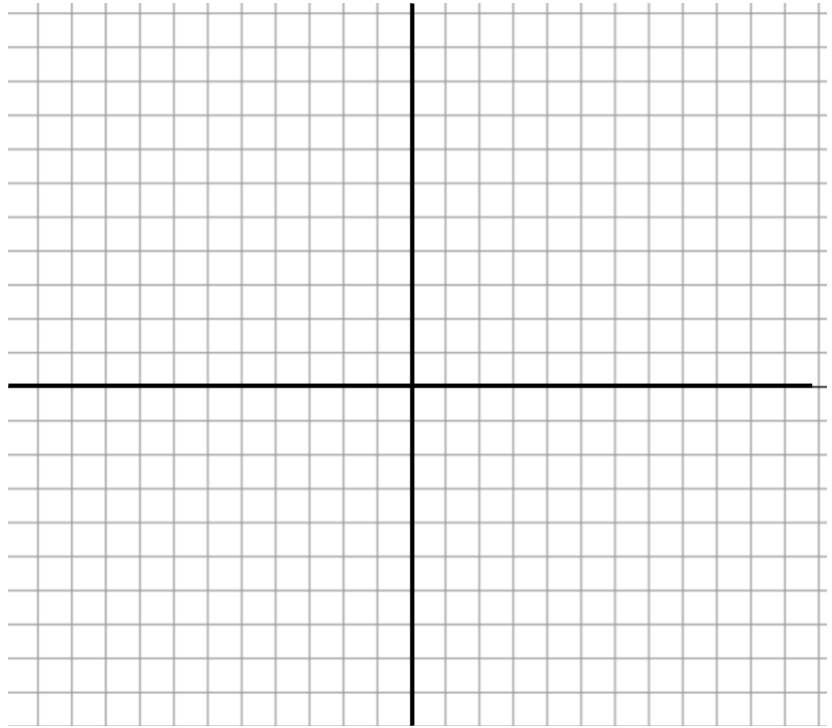


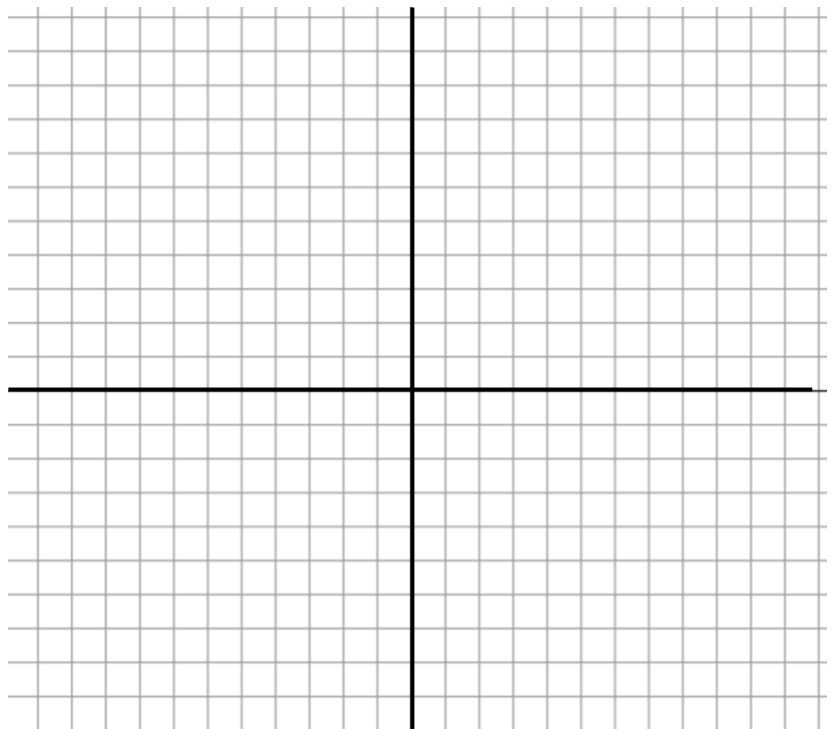
Part I: New Material – Graphing Sinusoids

- A. Directions:** Graph each sinusoid below using the method from class. Label the 5 key points, midline, amplitude, and period.

1. $f(x) = 5 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right)$



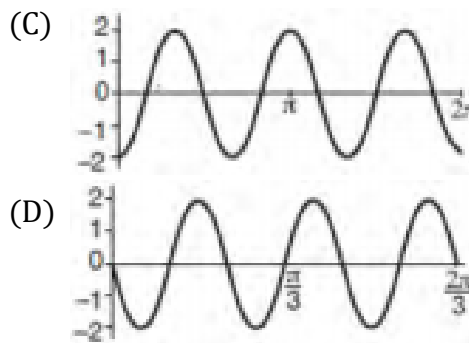
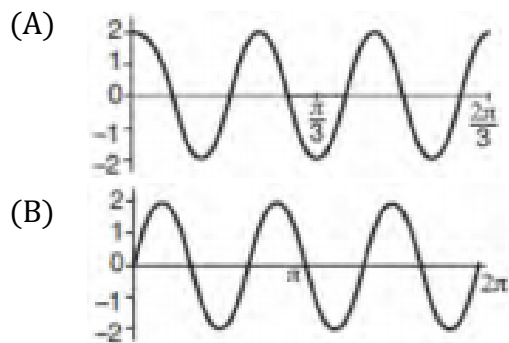
2. $f(x) = 6 \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{8}\right) - 4$



3. Which function's graph has a period of 8 and reaches a maximum height of 1 if at least one full period is graphed?

- (A) $y = -4 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) - 3$
 (B) $y = -4 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) + 5$
 (C) $y = -4 \cos(8x) - 3$
 (D) $y = -4 \cos(8x) + 5$

4. Which graph represents a cosine function with no horizontal shift, an amplitude of 2, and a period of $\frac{2\pi}{3}$?



Part II: Spiral Material – keep the math fresh!

5. For $x \neq 0$, which expressions are equivalent to $\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$?

- I. $\frac{\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$
 II. $\frac{x^{1/6}}{x^{1/3}}$
 III. $x^{-1/6}$

- (A) I and II only
 (B) I and III only
 (C) II and III only
 (D) I, II, and III